## Chemistry PAT Questions

Gonna learn you some knowledge


## Answer: A

18. Which of the following substances is a solution?
A. Acid rain
B. Table salt
C. Helium gas
D. Baking soda

A student tests the reactivity of four metals by placing a piece of each metal into hydrochloric acid. Each piece has an initial mass of 40 g . The student records her observations in the following table.

| Metal | Initial acid <br> concentration <br> $(\mathbf{g} / \mathbf{L})$ | Temperature of solution <br> after metal reacts with <br> hydrochloric acid $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ | Mass of metal <br> after it reacts with <br> hydrochloric acid $(\mathbf{g})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 200 | 28 | 18 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 200 | 29 | 32 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 200 | 42 | 14 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 200 | 35 | 20 |

Answer: C
67.5\% Correct
19. The information in the table shows that the metal that reacts most readily with hydrochloric acid is
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4

## Answer: B

16. Which of the following events is an example of a chemical change?
A. Liquid nitrogen evaporates.
B. A candle burns
C. Water boils.
D. Ice melts.
54.9\% Correct

## Physical Properties of Four Elements

| Element | Melting <br> Point <br> $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ | Boiling <br> Point <br> $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}\right)$ | Colour | Conductivity | Malleability |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |$|$| C |
| :---: |

## Answer :D

$$
74.9 \text { \% correct }
$$

12. Which of the following statements describes the conductivity of elements 3 and 4?
A. Both elements are good insulators.
B. Both elements are good conductors.
C. Element 3 is a good conductor and element 4 is a good insulator.
D. Element 3 is a good insulator and element 4 is a good conductor.

## Answer: B

13. What is the chemical name of a molecular substance that is composed of one carbon atom and four chlorine atoms?
$76.6 \%$ correct
A. Carbon tetrachlorine
B. Carbon tetrachloride
C. Carbon chlorine
D. Carbon chloride

A student burns a piece of magnesium that has a mass of 70.2 g and makes the following observations.

- Heat is generated.
- An intense white light is emitted.
- A mass of 130.8 g of white magnesium oxide ash is produced.


## Answer: 60.6

66.5\% Correct

## Numerical Response

2. The mass of oxygen that reacts in the chemical reaction described above is $\qquad$ g.
(Record your answer in the numerical-response section on the answer sheet.)


## Answer: D

$77.9 \%$ correct
14. Which of the following statements about helium, neon, and argon is true?
A. They have the same number of protons.
B. They have the same number of neutrons.
C. They are solids at a temperature of $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
D. They react with other substances in a similar way.
15. Which of the following rows identifies both the elements and number of atoms that are present in one molecule of $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ ?

| Row | Elements | Number of Atoms |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| A. | Carbon, helium, and oxygen | 12 |
| B. | Carbon, helium, and oxygen | 24 |
| C. | Carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen | 12 |
| D. | Carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen | 24 |

## Answer: D

84.5\% Correct
17. When two $\boldsymbol{i}$ elements are combined,_ii_compound is formed.

The statement above is completed by the information in row

| Row | $\boldsymbol{i}$ | $\boldsymbol{i i}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A. | metallic | an ionic |
| B. | metallic | a molecular |
| C. | non-metallic | an ionic |
| D. | non-metallic | a molecular |

Use the following models to answer question 20.


Answer: C
66.9\% Correct
20. The chemical formula for the unknown molecule shown above is
A. $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
B. $\mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CH}$
C. $\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OH}$
D. $\mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{CH}$
11. In most corrosion and combustion reactions, $\qquad$ is a $\qquad$ ii

## Answer: A

The statement above is completed by the information in row

| Row | $\boldsymbol{i}$ | $\boldsymbol{i i}$ |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| A. | oxygen | reactant |
| B. | oxygen | product |
| C. | water | reactant |
| D. | water | product |

